

Please write clearly in	ո block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.

GCSE COMBINED SCIENCE: TRILOGY



Higher Tier Biology Paper 1H

Friday 10 May 2024

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

For Examiner's Use Question Mark 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 TOTAL

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.



0 1	Drinks contain different substances.
	A drinks company claims that a drink contains sugar, protein and fat.
0 1.1	Glucose and fructose are different sugars.
	Fructose has a much sweeter taste than glucose.
	Suggest two reasons why the drinks company uses fructose in the drink rather than using glucose.
	Do not refer to sweetness in your answer. [2 marks]
	1
	2
0 1 . 2	Describe how a student could test the drink for sugar .
	Give the colour of a positive result. [3 marks]
	Test
	Colour of positive result



0 1.3	Describe how a student could test the drink for protein .
	Give the colour of a positive result. [2 marks]
	Test
	Colour of positive result
	Question 4 continues on the next nego
	Question 1 continues on the next page



0 1.4	The human digestive system breaks down protein and fat in the drink.		
	Describe how protein and fat are digested.		
	You should include:		
	the enzymes involved		
	where the enzymes are produced.		
		[6 marks]	
			ı



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0 2

A student investigated the concentration of salt in solution Z.

The student used a method involving osmosis.

The student used tubing made of partially permeable membrane.

This is the method used.

- 1. Cut six pieces of tubing to the same length.
- 2. Tie one end of each piece of tubing.
- 3. Put the same volume of solution **Z** into each piece of tubing.
- 4. Tie the other end of each piece of tubing to form a sealed tube.
- 5. Record the mass of each tube.
- 6. Place each tube into a different concentration of salt solution.
- 7. After 2 hours, remove each tube from the salt solutions.
- 8. Record the mass of each tube.

Figure 1 shows one of the sealed tubes in a salt solution.

Partially permeable membrane

Solution Z

Salt solution

Figure 1



0 2.1	What was the independent variable for the investigation?		
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]	
	Change in mass of tube		
	Concentration of salt solution		
	Time in salt solution		
	Volume of solution Z		
0 2.2	The student dried the outside of each tube with a paper towel before recording the mass.		
	Why was it important to dry the tubes?		
		[1 mark]	
	Question 2 continues on the next page		



Table 1 shows the results.

Table 1

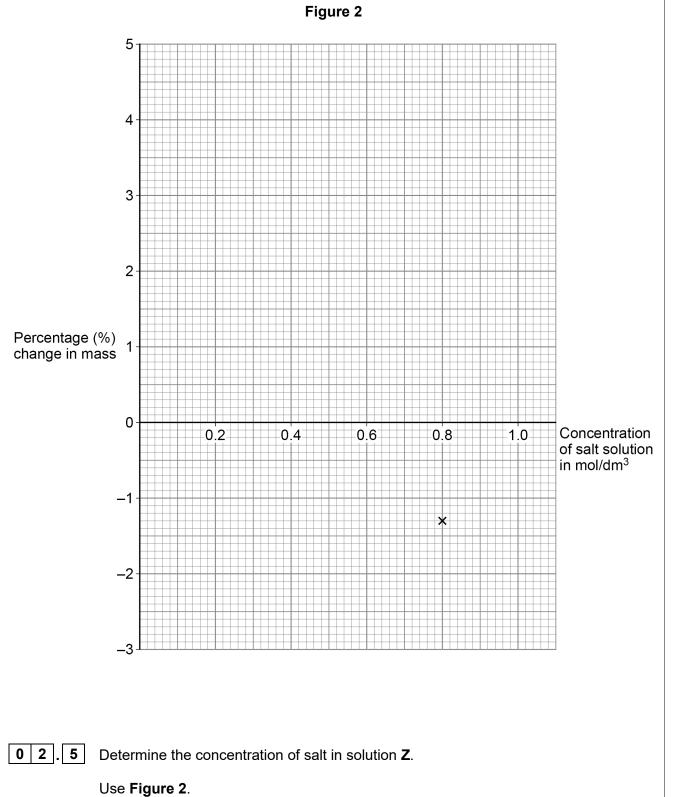
Concentration of	Mass of tube in grams			Percentage (%)	
salt solution in mol/dm ³	At start	After 2 hours	Change	change in mass	
0.0	15.54	16.50	0.96	x	
0.2	15.16	15.78	0.62	4.1	
0.4	15.00	15.35	0.35	2.3	
0.6	15.29	15.37	0.08	0.5	
0.8	14.95	14.75	-0.20	-1.3	
1.0	14.77	14.40	-0.37	-2.5	

0 2.3	Calculate value X in Table 1 .	
	Give your answer to 1 decimal place. [3 ma	ırks]
	Value X (1 decimal place) =	%
0 2.4	Complete Figure 2.	
	You should:	
	 plot the percentage change in mass from Table 1 for salt concentrations of only 0.2 mol/dm³ to 1.0 mol/dm³ 	
	draw a line of best fit.	

One of the results has been plotted for you.

[3 marks]

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Concentration =

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[1 mark]

mol/dm³



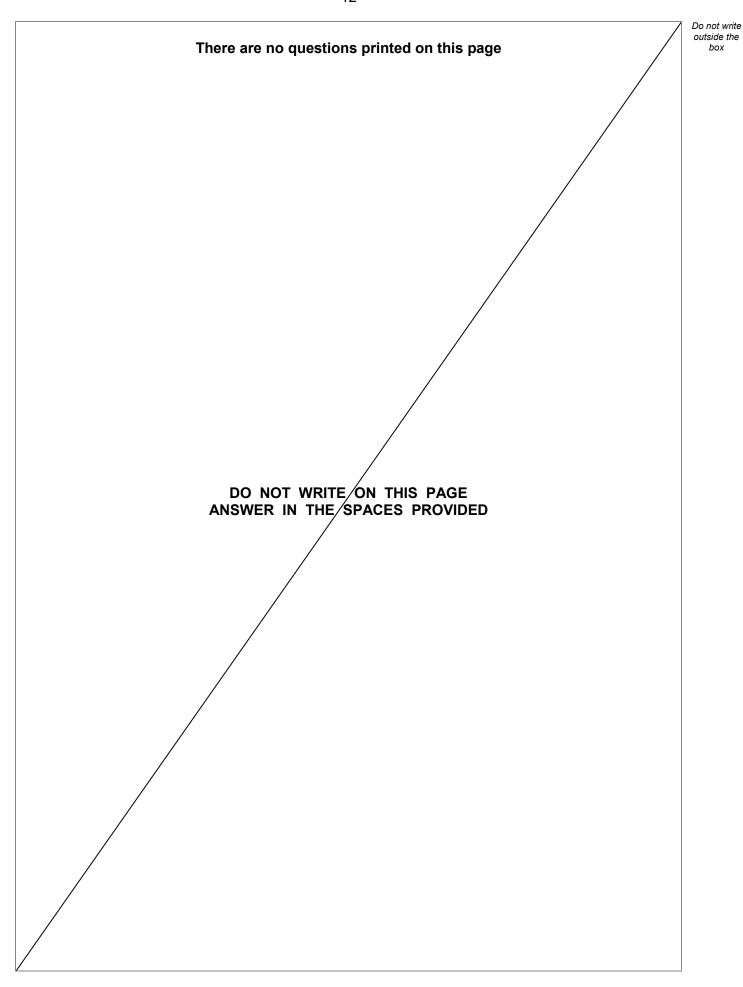
0 3	This question is about communicable diseases.
	Measles is a communicable disease caused by a pathogen.
0 3.1	What type of microorganism causes measles? [1 mark]
	Vaccinations help reduce the spread of measles.
0 3.2	Suggest two ways the spread of measles can be reduced.
	Do not refer to vaccination in your answer. [2 marks]
	1
	2
0 3.3	Describe how the measles vaccine helps a person to become immune to the measles pathogen. [4 marks]



	Norovirus is a type of virus.	
0 3.4	Explain how viruses cause illness. [2 marks	3]
		_
		_
0 3.5	Drugs can help to reduce the symptoms of the norovirus infection. New drugs must go through clinical trials before being licensed for use.	
	Give three reasons why clinical trials are needed. [3 marks	3]
	1	_
	2	_
	3	- [_ [
	Turn over for the next question	

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0 4	This question is about photosynthesis.		
0 4.1	What is the symbol equation for photosynthesis? Tick (✓) one box.	J	[1 mark]
	$6 \text{CO}_2 + \text{C}_6 \text{H}_{12} \text{O}_6 \longrightarrow 6 \text{H}_2 \text{O} + 6 \text{O}_2$		
	$C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \rightarrow 6CO_2 + 6H_2O$		
	$6 \text{CO}_2 + 6 \text{H}_2 \text{O} \longrightarrow C_6 \text{H}_{12} \text{O}_6 + 6 \text{O}_2$		

Question 4 continues on the next page

 $6\,O_2 \ + \ 6\,H_2O \qquad \longrightarrow \ 6\,CO_2 \ + \ C_6H_{12}O_6$



A student investigated the relationship between temperature and the rate of photosynthesis.

The student measured the volume of gas produced by an aquatic plant in 1 hour.

The student collected the gas in a measuring cylinder.

Table 2 shows the results.

Table 2

Temperature in °C	Volume of gas produced in 1 hour in cm ³
10	1
15	2
20	4
25	8
30	16
35	16
40	2
45	0

0 4.2	Describe the effect of increasing temperature on the rate of photosynthesis.	
	Use data from Table 2 .	[3 marks]



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0 4 . 3	Explain why no gas was produced by the plant at 45 °C.	[2 marks]
0 4 . 4	How could the student increase the accuracy of the results? Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Repeat the investigation, collecting the gas for 24 hours.	
	Repeat the investigation, measuring the volume of gas to 0.5 cm ³ .	
	Repeat the investigation using a different aquatic plant.	
	Repeat the investigation, using temperatures of 5 °C and 50 °C.	
	Question 4 continues on the next page	



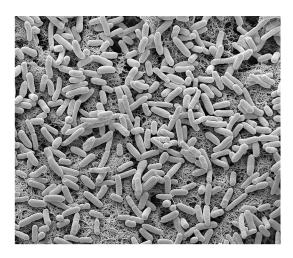
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	A person grows tomatoes in a greenhouse.	outside t box
0 4 . 5	The mean temperature of the greenhouse is 15 °C. A heater would keep the temperature of the greenhouse at 25 °C.	
	Suggest two reasons against using a heater set at 25 °C in the greenhouse. Do not refer to cost in your answer. [2 marks]	
	2	
0 4.6	The person cut a stem from one of the tomato plants. The cut stem was placed in soil to grow new roots.	
	Which tissue in the cut stem will differentiate into new root cells? Tick (✓) one box.	
	Epidermis Meristem	
	Mesophyll Phloem	10



- 0 5 This question is about microscopy.
- **0 5 . 1 Figure 3** shows bacteria viewed using a microscope.

Figure 3



What type of microscope was used to view the bacteria in Figure 3?

Give a reason for your answer.

[1 mark]

ype of microscope	
Reason	

Question 5 continues on the next page



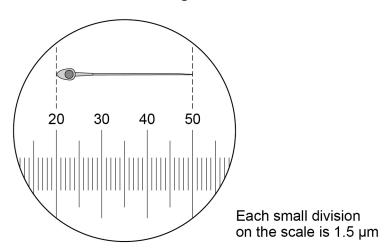
18 Do not write outside the 0 5 . 2 Bacterial cells are prokaryotic cells. Give three ways that a prokaryotic cell is different from a eukaryotic cell. [3 marks]



0 5 . 3

Figure 4 shows a special slide used to determine the size of a cell viewed using a microscope.

Figure 4



Calculate the magnification of the cell shown in Figure 4.	[5 marks]

Magnification = ×

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



0 6 Smoking increases the risk of lung cancer. Figure 5 shows a lung cell dividing. Figure 5 Describe the process of the cell cycle shown in Figure 5. [4 marks]



	D= == (- ''
Lung cancer is malignant.	Do not write outside the box
Explain what is meant by a malignant tumour. [3 marks]	
Question 6 continues on the next page	
	Explain what is meant by a malignant tumour. [3 marks]



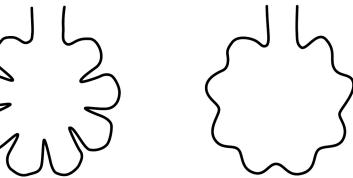
0 6 . 3 Smoking can damage the lungs in different ways.

Figure 6 shows alveoli from the lungs of two people.

Figure 6

Person A Alveolus from a person who does not smoke





Person **A** and person **B** do the same exercise.

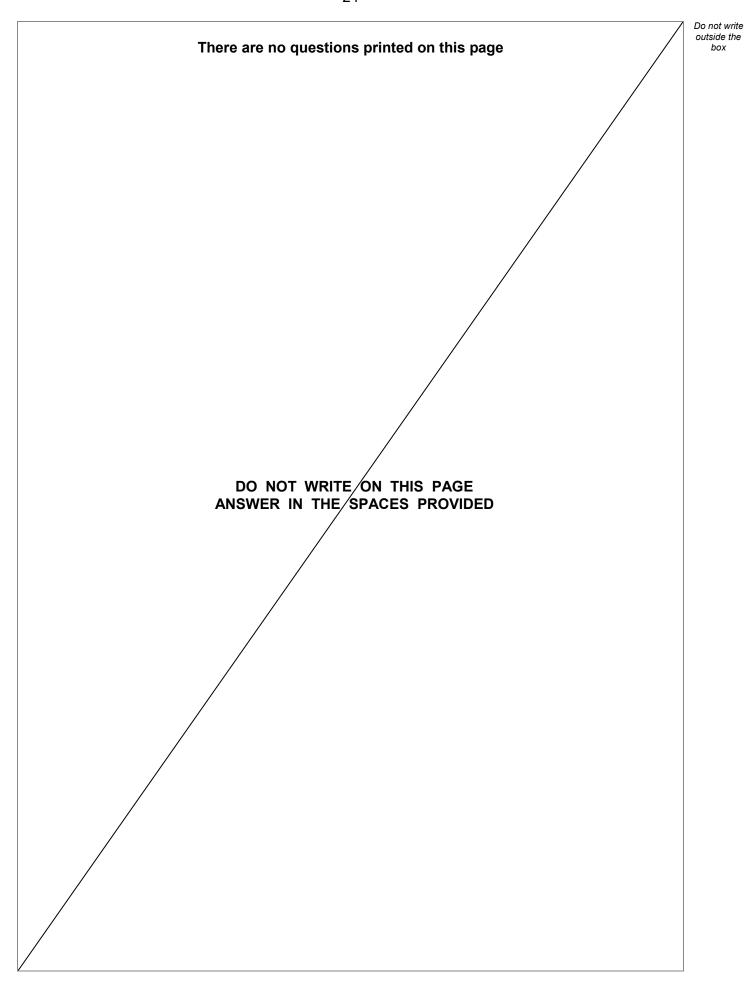
Explain why person B breathes much faster than person A during the exerc	ise. [4 marks]



		¬
7	Angina is a condition many people get as coronary heart disease (CHD) develops.	Do not outside bo
	Angina can cause chest pain and tiredness.	
	People with angina are sometimes treated with a drug called GTN.	
	GTN widens the coronary arteries.	
	Explain:	
	the causes and symptoms of angina	
	how GTN reduces the symptoms of angina. [6 marks]	
		-
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END OF QUESTIONS







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